

### Methodology of NAPA Development

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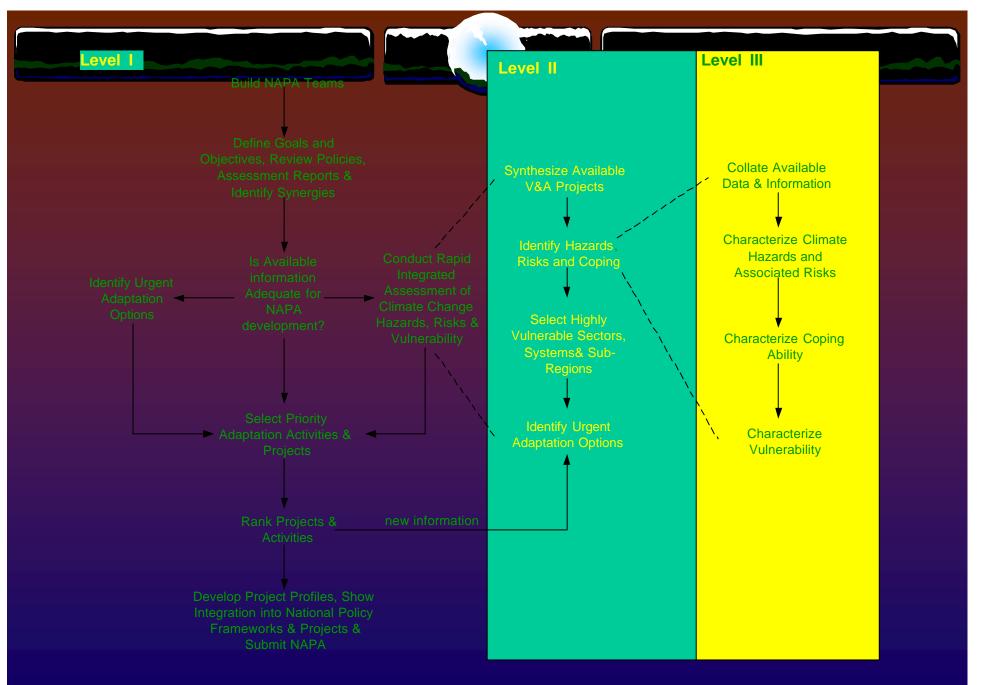
- ❖ NAPA prep process in the form of sequential steps is virtually its methodology (Sec E of the NAPA Guidelines)
- Setting up of a National NAPA Team
- \* National team will assemble a multidiscipl team, who will:
  - \* review national & UN dev-related docum & synthesize inf on CC impacts
  - \* conduct participat assessm of Vs where CC causes increase in associated risks
  - \* Identify key adaptation measures, complem to nat dev priorities & other MEAs
- Dev of proposals for priority activities
  - ❖ Identify & rank country-driven criteria for selecting priority activities
  - ❖ Org nat/sub-nat consultations for proposal ideas to dev a short list
  - ❖ Identify activities which may incl capacity bldg & policy reform

# NAPA Prep Process (contd)

- ❖ Select priority activities, based on agreed criteria
- ❖ Propose project profiles using the format (2-3 p):
  - \* Title:
  - **❖** Rationale/Justification
  - ❖ Description: Obj & activities, Inputs, Short-term outputs, Potential long-term outcomes
  - ❖ Implementation: Inst arrangem, Risks/Barriers, E & M, Fin res
- ❖ NAPA will have the structure as in sect F.
- ❖ Public review & revision
- ❖ Final review
- Govt endorsement & submission
- \* Public dissemination of the NAPA document



- Three methods laid out in the Guidelines:
  - Content analysis for synthesis
  - Participatory method
  - Criteria-based ranking and prioritization of NAPA activities



Main steps in a participatory process of developing NAPA; Where sufficient inf is available, the LDCS can proceed under Level I; otherwise they would collect data and synthesize by including steps under Levels II and III.

# Participatory Method

- \* Why? Structural inequities reinforce Vs of the LDC poor to CCV & CCI
  - ❖ To ensure procedural justice now to ensure distributive justice in the implementation phase
- ❖ How? Bottom-up all the way:
  - Participatory assessment of vulnerabilities
  - Internalizing the Indigenous Knowledge in the process
  - ❖ Participatory prioritization & ranking of NAPA activities
  - ❖ Validation of the draft NAPA
  - ❖ Public dissemination of the NAPA



Guiding elements	Criteria	Applied to (areas)
Participatory	Level of damage	Loss of life & livelihood
Multidisciplinary	Poverty reduction	Human health
Complement. approach	Synergy with MEAs	Food Security & Agr
Sustainable dev	Cost-effectiveness	Water resources
Gender equality		Infrastructure
Country-driven		Cultural heritage
Sound env mngt		Biodiversity
Cost-effectiveness		Land mngt & forestry
Simplicity		Other env amenities
Flexibility of Procedure		Coastal zones

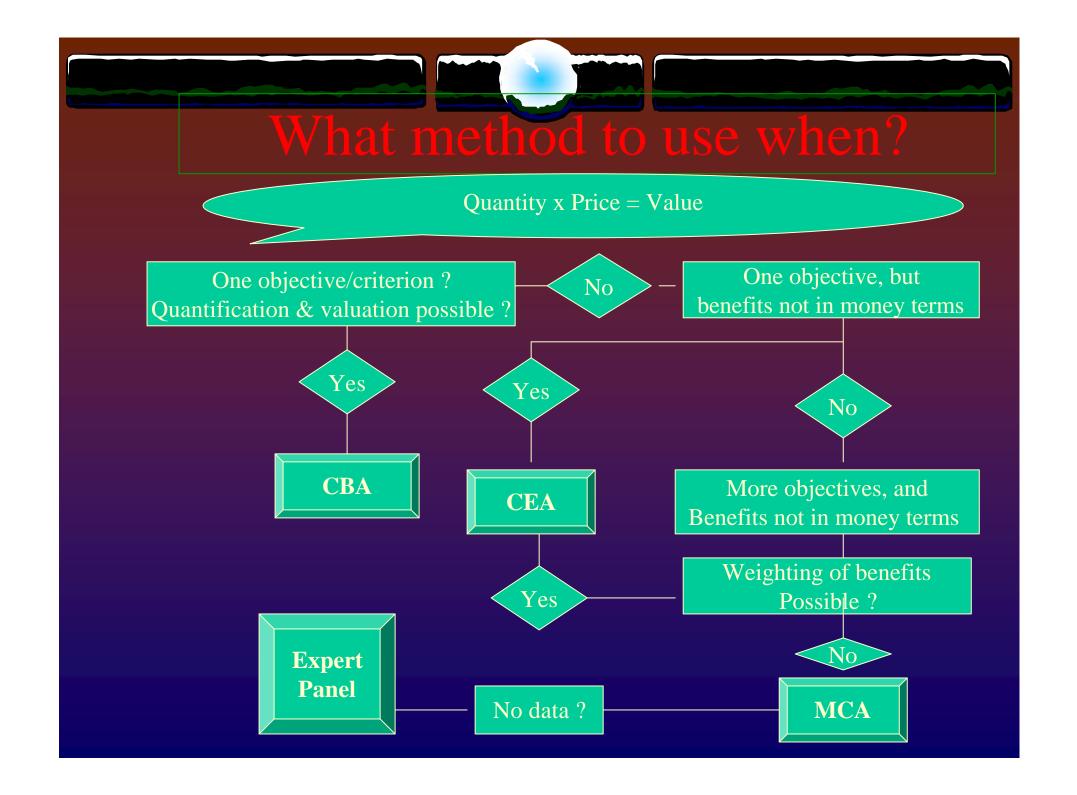


#### What Methods for Prioritization?

- Cost-Benefit Analysis (CBA)
- Cost-effectiveness analysis (CEA)
- Multi-criteria Analysis (MCA)
- Others

#### Pros & Cons of the Methods

Cost-benefit analysis (CBA)	Allows comparison bet sectors	Heavy on quantit data
Cost-effectiveness analysis (CEA)	Provides budget estimate	Provides ranking only
Multicriteria analysis	Allows more criteria & particip approach	Manipulation easy, provides ranking only
Expert Judgement	Flexibility	Subjective



# Role of the Multidisciplinary Team

- \* Where does the team fit in? What is their role?
- ❖ Is the role simply of a facilitator and synthesizer of public inputs? Or, something more?
- ❖ It looks somewhere in between:
  - ❖ Expert inputs as value addition to be grounded in public consultations until final validation
  - Expert inputs will be required in
    - Prioritization and ranking of NAPA activities
    - ❖ Development of 2-3 page Project Profiles of each prioritized activity as the ultimate outcome of the NAPA process.
- \* Effective coordination of the existing Institutional mechanism of NAPA needs to discuss thread-bare



